Article - Health Occupations Article - Health Occupations Title 19. Social Workers.

Subtitle 1. Definitions; General Provisions.

§ 19-101. Definitions.

- (a) In general. In this title the following words have the meanings indicated.
- (b) "Board" means the State Board of Social Work Examiners.
- (c) "Certified" means having demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Board that the individual has completed 2 years of supervised social work practice as defined in § 19-302(d) or (e) of this title.
- (d) "License" means, unless the context requires otherwise, one of four types of licenses issued by the Board authorizing an individual to practice:
 - (1) Associate social work:
 - (2) Graduate social work:
 - (3) Certified social work; or
 - (4) Certified social work-clinical.
- (e) "Licensed associate social worker" means an individual licensed by the Board to practice associate social work.
- (f) "Licensed certified social worker" means an individual licensed by the Board to practice certified social work.
- (g) "Licensed certified social worker-clinical" means an individual licensed by the Board to practice clinical social work.
- (h) "Licensed graduate social worker" means an individual licensed by the Board to practice graduate social work.
 - (i) "Practice associate social work" means to practice social work:
- (1) Under the supervision of a licensed certified social worker, licensed certified social worker-clinical, or licensed graduate social worker who meets the conditions specified in regulations; and

(2)	Uti	ilizing the education and training required under § 19-302(b) of this title
		ce certified social work" means to practice social work utilizing the ng, and experience required under § 19-302(d) or (e) of this title.
		ice clinical social work" means to practice social work utilizing the ation, training, and experience required under § 19-302(e) of this title.
(1)	'Practi	ce graduate social work" means to practice social work:
(1) Under the supervision of a licensed certified social worker, licensed certified social worker-clinical, or licensed graduate social worker who meets the conditions specified in regulations; and		
(2)	Uti	ilizing the education and training required under § 19-302(c) of this title
(m) (1) "Practice social work" means to apply the theories, knowledge, procedures, methods, or ethics derived from a formal educational program in social work to restore or enhance social functioning of individuals, couples, families, groups, organizations, or communities through:		
	(i)	Assessment;
	(ii)	Formulating diagnostic impressions;
	(iii)	Planning;
	(iv)	Intervention;
	(v)	Evaluation of intervention plans;
	(vi)	Case management;
	(vii)	Information and referral;
disorders;	(viii)	Counseling that does not include diagnosis or treatment of mental
	(ix)	Advocacy;
	(x)	Consultation;
	(xi)	Education;

(xii)

Research;

- (xiii) Community organization; or
- (xiv) Development, implementation, and administration of policies, programs, and activities.
- (2) For an individual licensed as a graduate social worker, "practice social work" also includes:
- (i) Supervision of other social workers if the graduate social worker meets the requirements set out in regulations; and
- (ii) Treatment of psychosocial conditions and mental disorders and the provision of psychotherapy under the direct supervision of a licensed certified social worker-clinical.
- (3) For an individual licensed as a certified social worker, "practice social work" also includes:
 - (i) Supervision of other social workers; and
- (ii) Treatment of psychosocial conditions and mental disorders and the provision of psychotherapy under the direct supervision of a licensed certified social worker-clinical.
- (4) For an individual licensed as a certified social worker-clinical, "practice social work" also includes:
 - (i) Supervision of other social workers;
- (ii) Evaluation, diagnosis, and treatment of psychosocial conditions, mental and emotional conditions and impairments, and mental disorders as defined in § 10-101(f) of the Health General Article; and
 - (iii) The provision of psychotherapy.
- (n) "Psychotherapy" means a method for the treatment of mental disorders and behavioral disturbances in which a licensed health care practitioner enters into a professional contract with the patient and, through a therapeutic communication or interaction, attempts to:
 - (1) Alleviate emotional disturbances;
 - (2) Reverse or alter maladaptive patterns of behavior; or
 - (3) Encourage personality growth and development.

- (o) "Supervision" means a formalized professional relationship between a supervisor and a supervisee that:
 - (1) Provides evaluation and direction of the supervisee; and
- (2) Promotes continued development of the supervisee's knowledge, skills, and abilities to provide social work services in an ethical and competent manner.

§ 19-102. Legislative policy.

- (a) The General Assembly finds that the profession of social work profoundly affects the lives, health, safety, and welfare of the people of this State.
 - (b) The purpose of this title is to protect the public by:
- (1) Setting minimum qualification, education, training, and experience standards for the licensing of individuals to practice social work; and
- (2) Promoting and maintaining high professional standards for the practice of social work.

§ 19-103. Scope of title.

This title does not limit the right of an individual to practice a health occupation that the individual is authorized to practice under this article.

§ 19-201. Board established.

There is a State Board of Social Work Examiners in the Department.